

April 5, 2024

VIA ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

The Honorable Alejandro Mayorkas Secretary Department of Homeland Security

Dear Secretary Mayorkas:

Critical infrastructure is comprised of "systems and assets, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the incapacity or destruction of such systems and assets would have a debilitating impact on security, national economic security, national public health or safety, or any combination of those matters."¹ Cyberattacks targeting our critical infrastructure sectors, which include energy, finance, food and agriculture, healthcare, municipal services, transportation, water, and others, put our national security at risk.²

A January 30, 2024, Government Accountability Office (GAO) report selected four critical infrastructure sectors and relevant federal agencies responsible for oversight and support against ransomware attacks. The GAO report found ransomware attacks were one of the largest growing threats to national security.³ Specifically, the report noted that ransomware became the fourth most reported cybersecurity incident in 2022 and accounted for 15% of financial losses from cybersecurity attacks that same year.⁴ GAO also found the majority of policies in place to facilitate reporting of these ransomware attacks are "voluntary," and the government's priority is to "obtain technical details… rather than collect information about impacts."⁵

The GAO report made four recommendations to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) related to ransomware attack risk.⁶ DHS concurred with all four recommendations.⁷ GAO's first open recommendation for DHS focuses on the need for DHS, in coordination with CISA and sector entities, to determine the extent to which the critical manufacturing sector is adopting leading cybersecurity practices to reduce ransomware attacks.⁸ The second open

 7 Id. at 53-54.

⁸ *Id.* at 40-41.

¹ 42 U.S.C. § 5195c(e).

² CISA, *Critical Infrastructure Sectors*, <u>https://www.cisa.gov/topics/critical-infrastructure-security-and-resilience/critical-infrastructure-sectors</u>; *See also*, Stephen Webber, *Threats to America's Critical Infrastructure are now a Terrifying Reality*, The Hill (Feb. 11, 2024, 1:00 PM), <u>https://thehill.com/opinion/technology/4458692-threats-to-americas-critical-infrastructure-are-now-a-terrifying-reality/.</u>

 ³ GAO, GAO-24-106220, Critical Infrastructure Protection: Agencies Need to Enhance Oversight of Ransomware Practices and Assess Federal Support (Jan. 30, 2024), <u>https://www.gao.gov/assets/d24106221.pdf</u>.
⁴ Id. at 2.

⁵ *Id*. at 27.

 $^{^{6}}$ Id.

recommendation is that DHS, in coordination with Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) and sector entities, should develop and implement routine evaluation procedures to measure how effective federal support is in assisting the critical manufacturing sector reduce the risk of ransomware.⁹ The third open GAO recommendation states that DHS should, in coordination with the other eight Sector Risk Management Agencies (SRMA), CISA, and sector entities, determine the extent to which the transportation industry is adopting leading cybersecurity practices to reduce ransomware attacks.¹⁰ Finally, GAO's fourth open recommendation focuses on the need for DHS, in coordination with the eight SRMAs, CISA, and sector entities, to develop and implement routine evaluation procedures to measure the effectiveness of federal support in assisting the transportation sector reduce the risk of ransomware attacks.¹¹

It is imperative that DHS continue to review and develop plans to protect the critical infrastructure it oversees. Additionally, it is vitally important that federal agencies and departments be in communication with each other as well as with private partners to ensure U.S. cybersecurity defense remains a priority.

Accordingly, please answer the following questions no later than April 19, 2024:

- 1. What steps has DHS taken to close each open recommendation from GAO's January 30, 2024, report? Provide all records.¹²
- 2. What does DHS consider to be the number one priority in the cybersecurity of the critical infrastructure it oversees? How does DHS prioritize cybersecurity threats to the critical infrastructure it oversees? Provide all records.
- 3. What is DHS's process for engaging private stakeholders in developing cybersecurity initiatives to protect critical infrastructure? Provide all records.
- 4. What exercises has DHS conducted, or does it plan on conducting, to test current programs in place for cybersecurity defense of critical infrastructure? Provide all records.
- 5. What is DHS's process for reporting cybersecurity threats and attacks to federal agencies, Congress, and private stakeholders with respect to the critical infrastructure it oversees? Provide all records.

⁹ Id.

 $^{^{10}}$ Id.

¹¹ Id.

¹² "Records" include any written, recorded, or graphic material of any kind, including letters, memoranda, reports, notes, electronic data (emails, email attachments, and any other electronically created or stored information), calendar entries, inter-office communications, meeting minutes, phone/voice mail or recordings/records of verbal communications, and drafts (whether they resulted in final documents).

- 6. What is DHS's process to report and respond to cybersecurity attacks in real time? Provide all records.
- 7. How many cyberattacks have occurred on the critical infrastructure DHS oversees? What critical infrastructure was affected? Provide all records.
- 8. What kind and how many legacy IT systems has DHS identified in the critical infrastructure it oversees? What are DHS's responsibilities to assist stakeholders in the protection and modernization of legacy IT systems? Provide all records.

In keeping with Executive Order 13526, please segregate all unclassified materials within the classified documents, and provide all unclassified information directly to the committee, and provide a classified addendum to the Office of Senate Security. Although the committee complies with all laws and regulations governing the handling of classified information, it is not bound, absent its prior agreement, by any handling restrictions.

Thank you for your prompt review and responses. If you have any questions, please contact Tucker Akin on my Committee staff at (202) 224-0642.

Sincerely,

Chuck Grandey

Charles E. Grassley Ranking Member Committee on the Budget